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OXFORD DEMOCRAT. IS PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY BY GEORGE W. MILLETT. TERMS-One dollar and fifty cents in advance,

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted on the usual terms the proprietor not being accountable for any error in any Advertisement beyond the amount charged for it.

THE SECRET PRAYER. It was a still and solemn hour In an isle of the Southern Seas, And slowly the shades of night were swept Away by the morning breeze, When a lonely son of Britain stood With check and brow of care, Seeking amid the solitude A place for scoret prayer.

No car to hear in that silent glen, No eye but the eye of God; Yet the giant fern gave back a voice As forth the wanderer trod : They were broken words that met his ear, And a name was mingled there; It was the name of Christ he heard And the voice of secret prayer.

A native of that savage ilse From the depths of his full heart cried For mercy, for help, in the hour of need, For faith in the Crucified ! And peace and hope were in those tones, So solemnly sweet they were. For He, who answers while yet we call Had blessed that secret prayer.

The morning dawned on that lonely spot, But a far more glorious day Came with the accents of prayer and praise On the Indian's lips they lay. The first, the first who had called on God In those regions of Satan's care, The first who had breathed in his native tongue The language of secret prayer.

And he who that hallowed music heard, The missionary lone-Oh! the joy that thrilled thro' his yearning heart By a stranger may not be known. But he knelt, and blessed the hand that sent. In the hour of his deep despair, Comfort and strength to his fainting soul

With the voice of that secret prayer. A TALE OF POLAND.

a Polish captive, as she was led by a menial to to bring her forth for the amusement of the sol- O'Connell.—God bless the bengles, your them. patriotic females enrolled as a corps to provide from the public gaze. She entered the camp majesty's middlin? food and raiment for the valuant, suffering sons calm and collected, for it she had female genof degraded Poland. Eighteen years had not tleness it was united with masculine firmness .whom she so justly loved, had made her moth-lwere as follows: criess. Still her spirit dropped not, nor did she bend when the storm passed over her. She considered it a necessary offering to purchase the emancipation of her country and stifled each selfish feeling. I need not say she was beautiful; but she was incomparably so. Virtue, beauty; and the graces, it would seem had struggled for supremacy. Like a guardian angel she appeared to preside over the destinies of her country; and in the hour of danger, she was ever near, nerving with new energies the sinking soldiers, by her enegetic appeals to that God by whom the weak are made strong, "I brow, that I might become a more active par- wretched fate. Silently she followed her conticipator in this glorious acchievement-that I ductor; but in passing a dark hall, her hand too might gather unfading laurels for my coun- fell upon a sleeping sentinel's sword. She try in the struggle that awaits her. Again the grasped it,—he awoke not—and in her own prowlers for prey, commanded by the fell ty- dungeon it drank the blood of him who first dewrought wonders for us. The most sanguine prived her of her liberty. expectations of our friends have been more as through she was arrayed in the garb of the than realized, while our enemies have witness- fallen soldier, and presented herself before the ed the destruction of their fondest hopes. Your common jail, demanding certain prisoners for wives and daughters determined to share your the gratification of his master. Their names dangers are already equipped, armed with faith were given, and some of Poland's bravest offiister consolation to the sick and dying, and to Adelia's brother. bind up their wounds. Let the effort then sweep from the minds of our foe every expectation of our country's downfall. Then wrong-

This appeal to the hearts of the officers was record, and will be read with interest: of Omnipotence, in behalf of themselves, their ed at Skeenesborough, (now Whitehall) with ty-four.

the independent nations of the earth.

shouting "Liberty or Death." Their soil was seen service as a soldier under Frazer in the in sight, while her boat was on shore, crowds all on board. chriched by her dearest sons, but the cry of vic- French war. They met and recognized each tory mingled with the songs of the convoy that other, and cordial was that meeting. Two nathetered the different buildings, to view the late visit of the Constitution, went off to her question of great delicacy, and they should probe beckoned them away. The enemy field in wild lives from the land of the thistle need but see Old Ironsides slowly tacking to the westward—in a boat, in company with the Rev. J. D. P., ceed with much caution. He agreed with his disorder, after a protracted struggle.

mercy. "Life," said she, "may still linger in them, McD-intimated to the General his spy-glass, attentively gazing at the "Yankee crew.

Superstitious feelings she had none; but in the attendants to withdrew, and asked John to in- her class as could be seen in any navy.

humbly ask that her captivity might in some tects you, and it is now doubtful about his be- enemy. mysterious manner aid her countrymen. She ling able to afford you that protection.

to those sainted parents of which Russian butch- secret until after the death of his friend and ad- Tripoline war. ery has deprived me. Go, pander for a baser viser. - Troy Whig, monarch, and no longer disturb my devotions." Threats and pursuasions were alike fruitless .sod tempers the wind to shorn lambs,' said in the execution of which he ordered a menial

> The sun has tinged the western sky And cast its shadows far around; To God I'll raise the orphan's cry-

He heard the sound.

When throug the gloomy cell I tread, I raise my feeble voice and sing To him who is the orphan's God-He knows their wrong.

And there is hope for misery's child, Where despet's banner never waved-Where monsters virtue ne'er beguiled, .

God's power can save. She ceased. The demond was convulsed would that the belinet were fitted to a woman's with rage, and ordered her back to await her

Woman's imagination is ever fertile. Quick

REVOLUTIONARY ANECDOTE. ed, insulted Poland wil be registered among ing anecdote of olden times, which like every head.

Wearied with the toils of war, the soldiers re- ers at once. But in this case, our heroes had, the course whither she was bound.

the control of the second of t

her master's place. This girl was one of those diery well knowing that female delicacy shrinks majesty, I am that same thing. I hope your

any on 'em. pretty good crop this year?

O'Connell.—Dacent.

[From the Boston Statesman.]

Malta, February 9, 1836. Arrival of the Frigate Constitution at Malta-of II. B. M. in command of the "Edinburgh," seventy-four.

agony, I may point them to a crucified Saviour." confidential nature. Frazer then requested his is the pride of our nation, and as fine a ship of war in the scenes which transpired at Washing-

and the dignity of her manner awed even those try." Frazer thought for a few moments, and known in Boston." Their meeting was a very was intended to represent. to whom she was presented. The Russian of then said, "John, there is no sitting on the pleasant one; and Captain Dacres has, since ficers had assembled, under pretence of con- fence, there is no half way work about it- the liberation of the gallant Commodore from concerting measures to renew the engagement; there is but one course for you to pursue:- quarantine, been almost daily to visit him, car- ing, in Foote's presence of the extraordinary but in fact to spend the night in riot and dissipa- You must go back and fight for your country." rying his brother commanders, at all times, to felicity with which he could commit anything to tion. The commander-in-chief of his Majesty's McD—started back as if thundrstruck, introduce them. If the English are of a proud memory, when the modern Aristophanes said forces, struck by the beauty of his captive, or not knowing what to make of it.—On recover-spirit, they have this natural trait of character, they would write a dozen lines in prose which dered her into confinement; secretly determin- ing from his surprise, with a serious air, hang- that whenever they see a brave man, they re- he would not be able to repeat, from memory, ed on a private, interview to convince her of ing down his head, and at the same time shak- spect him; and it matters but little whether they in as many minutes. A wager was instanly laid, his power. For this purpose even before the ing it, he said, "I can na, I can na do it; I have were the ones defeated or not, they still show and foote produced the following:-"So she fumes of the wine had passed away, he was at sworn allegiance to George III. and I can no the same attentions, and pay the same difference went into the garden to cut a cahonge leaf to the door of her cell. She was kneeling in pray- break my oath." "That oath," said Frazer, to such a character, whether it is found in make an apple pie; and at the same time, a er. In behalf of Poland did she fervently and "can bind you no longer than your King pro- their countrymen, among their friends, or in an great she bear coming up the street, pops its

was concluding by imploring fortitude to bear McD - bade farewell to the noble the treatment which Commodore Hull has re- ber; and there were present the Pickinnies & the repeated insults of her enemies, and by en-scotchman, after receiving his injunction to keep ceived since his arrival in our city. Rear Ad- Jobillies, and the Garyulies, and the Grand tering protection in the snares of the wicked. this interview a profound secret until he should miral Sir Thomas Briggs informed the writer Panjandrum himself, with a little round button "Be mine," said be, "and my arm shall af be no more, when he might relate it at his pleas that he respected Commodore Hull for his cour at the top; and they all fell to playing the game ford that protection you will seek in vain from ure. -McD---pledged his honor, which age as shewn to Europe, and should take the of catch as catch can, till the gunpowder ran any other power." She rose saying, "I wor- was enough. He returned home, shouldered first opportunity to call upon him. This be has out of the heels of their boots." Such a mass ship neither fronts of brass nor feet of clay, my his musket, and a better Whig never aimed at done, with his family, and on these two distin- of unconnected nonsense defied memory, and trust is in Israel's God." "Prating fool: your Tory. The generous the honest, the noble guished officers comparing notes, it was found the wit won his wager, life is in my hands, and dare you defy me?"- Frazer fell at Saratoga, lamented by his foes they were both on this station, and in command "True, you may kill me, but the Christian fears as well as friends; and McD——long lived of men of war, upwards of thirty years since, not death, and in that you will only restore me to tell his fireside story which he had kept a and at the time when we were engaged in the

may name Vice Admiral Sir Josias Rowley, relation to the transaction of the land offices in The following amusing conversation, assum- who is in command of the English fleet; Hon. Ohio, with the Deposite Banks as to the descrip-"There is no deed," said she "from which you ed to have taken place between King William Capt. Percy, of the Canopas; Capt. Martin, tion of notes, received or rejected by them in or your nation would shrink, but my brother and O'Connell, is from the London Satirist, & flag captain of the Caledonia; Capt. McKerby, deposite from the land offices. 1000 extra would thing lightly of his life purchased at the is a fair sample of the licence in which the En- of the Vernon frigate, known as the one-armed copies ordered to be printed.

Your deeds are glish press indulges. O'Connell is supposed captain of Trafalgar; Capt. Wise, of the Thunwritten in blood, and every triumph but deepens to be waiting upon the King as one of the dep- derer, a relation of Capt. Dacres; Sir Freder- ings of a large meeting at Cincionati, suggestthe stain. Your glory may dazzle for a while lutation of the Honse of Commons, to carry up lick Hankey, Chief Secretary to Government, ing the expediency of an immediate recognition but it will set in the starless night. Begone I the address in reply to the King's speech:

and indeed at this moment acting Governor of by the U. S. of the independence of Taxas, & command you, nor think to bribe a Polish mai- The King.—What, Dan! well how are you? the Island; all of whom, but more particularly asked its reference to the Committee on Forden!" He lest her swearing vengeance; and pretty hearty! (shaking him cordially by the the last, have been very attentive to Commodore eign relations.

O'Connell.—Illigant in health, and altogethr complate in spirits. I hope the queen's well possession—and also so the possession —and also so the poss kissed her cheek, yet to her discretion paid Tauntingly, she was asked to sing. "I used to er complate in spirits. I hope the queen's well possession,—and also on the pages of the cata- to lay these proceedings upon the table would homage. The sword of the oppressor had alsing," said she, "for my father; his spirit may although without the least blarney?

The sword of the oppressor had also many of the distinguished of expressive of the sense of the people of the ing gates of a Russian prison had intered her song of his child." She sung a little ballard of his royal eyes—yes—pretty much as the European nobility and gentry. Commoonly brother; and grief for the loss of those composed by herself in prison. The words as usual.—You and I, Dan, can't manage, you dore Hull was made an honorary member while loss of those composed by herself in prison. The words as usual.—You and I, Dan, can't manage, you dore Hull was made an honorary member while loss of the great to the loss of those composed by herself in prison. know, as we used to do. It's no use, you a resident in La Valletta, and it gives me much the situation of Texas; that there were thousknow. We neither of us can expect, as Char-pleasure to state as a countryman, that this gen-sands of American citizens invited by Mexico ley Bloomfield says, to live in this ere sublutileman has received all the attention which it to participate in the blessings of a Federal Governary sphere much longer.

was in the power of those in office to shew him. O'Connell.—Your majesty is pleased to flat- And furthermore, it is with much graification I the the wilderness and defend the Mexicans ater; but I've a habit of living till I'm a hundred am enabled to state, that Captain J. R. Dacres gainst the then frequent incursions of a savage and ten; it's a custom I have. Long life to has always, previous to the arrival of Commo- foe, and now attempted to be trodden down The King.—Well! (after a pause) and how neous impression, prevalent in America during of the world; that, in point of fact, Santa Anna are all the Paddy Whacks in your country.— the last war, that after the heat of the action had and his priests and mercenaries were the reb-Can they get a good belly-full of wittles now, passed away, there always had existed a cool- els, and not the people of Texas; that it was ness between the commander of the Guerriere Santa Anna and his party who had prostrated O'Connell.—Taturs fraquintly.

The King.—Ah; I like taturs myself.

Had Capt. Dacres was evidently much chagraned at now attempting to establish upon its ruins a his capture—he feels it to this day, and probably central military despotism; that the people of may never entirely recover from the mortifica- Texas had fought for the federal constitution of The king expressed his satisfaction, and af- tion caused by the result of the action between 1824, and adhered to it until all hope of its ter another hearty shake of the hand, they part the two ships, he is, however, a brave man, preservation had been extinguished, and that of a jovial character, liked by his officers, pop-ular with his equals, and last not least, a friend to sented was to receive the chains of a usurper, the Bostonians, and a lover of their country. or resist unto death, they had nobly unfurled He never lets an opportunity pass, without men- the flug of independence, resolved to unfintuin Steamer Hermes, with Commodore Hull on board— tioning the hospitality he received when a visi- their liberties or perish in the conflict. Nobly, meeting between this Officer and Captain Dacres, now ter and resident in the capital of New Eng- gloriously, had they maintained the unequal

At daylight, on the morning of the eleventh | It was indeed a singular coincidence, that on would challenge a comparison with any thing in and hope in beaven. They go forth to admin- cers were again at liberty, and among them fair of January, from the observatory of the palace, this insolated spot in the Mediteranean, after a Greek or Roman history. Such men could large American ship was seen lying off the lapse of nearly twenty-four years, we should see, not be vang ished. No! the sun was no more harbor of Valletta, under easy sail, with the en- almost at the same moment, "Old Ironsides" certain to set in the western horizon, then that sizn hoisted, and the flag of the Commodore approaching our harbor, with the Hero of New Texas would maintain her independence, and A friend has communicated to us the follow- of this station, flying at the fore-royalmast- Orleans on her bow-an incident not at all pleas- th t we would acknowledge it. The death of ing to the numerous officers who were defeated the murdered bettees at the Alume, of prisonthing pertaining to the Revolution, is worthy of It was not long before she was made out as at that place and are now on duty here—and ers of war, masacred in col blood by the orthe Constitution, with Commodore Elliott on that only three days after her departure, Com- ders of a ruthless tyrant, world salt down upon received, not in the usual manner, with loud Burgoyne, the British General, who had board, which was not altogether uninteresting, modore Hull, who commanded this frigate dur- him the vengence of earth and heaven. It had cheers. Every knee was bent, and every eye vainly boasted to George 111. that with five although it might not have been at all agreeable ing the last war, should arrive and meet him of excited a thrill or horror throughout this Union raised to heaven, and harmoniously did their thousand men be could march through the col- news to Captain J. R. Dacres, who is now in the Guerrierre, whom he captured, now present, and was now bringing the evidences of public voices blend in supplicating the protecting arm onies, from one end to the other, had encamp- our port, in command of one of the finest ships in the feeling before this body. Let us now, then, large British fleet now floating in the waters of give to these proceedings in lavor of Toxus, country, and this heaven-born spirit veiled in double the force he had asked from his King mortality.

No American man-of-war has arrived at our La Valletta. It is said that the Constitution that respectful reference to which they are so was never in finer order than at this time, that justly entitled, and which, whilst it does not The day dawned, and they were roudy to re-ther of Washington county, was seen with his much interest among the English commanders, she has a powerful crew, a well selected body now violate the neutrality of this Government. coive their enemy. They met, and dreadful weary nog making his way to the encampment as this ship of which we are now speaking—so of officers, and is commanded by a gentleman, will cheer onward in the hour of gloom and was the conflict. Often were the poles repulsed of the British army. On his arrival be inquired, did she excite the attention of this who, although one of the strictest disciplinarians danger, a people who are immuning the example but as often did they return to the contest, ed for General Frazer, for the traveller had people, that during the few hours she remained in our navy, is much esteemed and beloved by of the patriots of our own Revolution, and, whose destiny will be the same.

some of the fallen; and even in death's last that he had come to see him on business of a Frigate," which, as was truly remarked by him, A general officer, who figured during the last One dollar and fifty cents in advance.—
One dollar and seventy-five cents at the end of six months.

One dollar and seventy-five cents at the end of six months.

Two dollars at the end of the year.

One dollars at the end of the year. No paper discontinued till all dues are paid, but at the of danger had fled from the enemy's posts, - 400 acres of land, a small portion of which is collection of her visit was fresh in the minds of that his countenance was firmly impressed on This offering he knew would insure his pardon, under improvement, a comfortable house and those who had been to see her. His B. M. his mind; that he knew of no better situation and procure for him future favors with the Rus- out buildings. My live stock consists of a Steamer Hermes arrived from Gibraliar, and a-, where the bust of so meritorious an officer could sian commander, whose watch word was "beau- horse which I have with me here, two cows, mong the passengers was Commodore Hull. | be placed, than on the bows of so celebrated a Communications, and Letters on business must be ty and booty," and to this monster did he has- and a few sheep. Now, General, I have come Hardly had the ship come to anchor, before ship as the Constitution; that it was a striking to you for the advice of a friend to you for the ten with this desenceless but invaluable girl. to you for the advice of a friend, to know what Captain Dacres had manned his boat, and call-likeness, and were he to have seen it in the deDuring this trial her fortitude was invincible, am I to do in the present condition of the couned to see his old friend, whom he had formerly serts of Egypt, he should have known whom it

A TRIAL OF MEMORY.—A person was boastheed into the shop. What no soap? So he The truth of this remark, can be proved by died, and she very imprudently married the bar-

In Senate, 26th ult. a report was communi-Among the distinguished men now here, we the Schate, from the Treasury Department, in cated by the chair in answer to a resolution of

CONGRESS.

Mr. Morris of Ohio, presented the proceed-

Holl and his family during their tarry among Mr. King of Alabama, thought it rather premathem. ture, to interfere with the subject in the pres-Sir Frederick Hankey took the Commodore to the Garrison Club, where are enrolled the pro-

conte t: they had performed deeds of valor that

each other in a foreign land, and they are broth- both the wind and current being strongly against o Kentucky, a distance of three miles from the friend from Mississippi that the public mind was Island, and who could not have had a better much excited on the subject, and that the symtired to the camp; nor were their women less besides being natives of the same soil, another In want of rest. The fair Adelia was alone in- tie to bind them together; that was "auld ac- ships which may be in sight off Malta, than on at this moment,) of the uppearance of the vor of the suffering Texims. As a citizen, inthe compacts of St. Elmo; and it was on this ship, of the discipline on board, and of the dividually, reaccorded full with the leelings sensible to fatigue, and she was still wandering quaintance."
the ramparts of St. Elmo; and it was on this ship, of the discipline on board, and of the dividually, he accorded toil with the treelings about the field of battle, intent on her errand of After the customary congratulations between spot that a British Post-Captain was seen, with good leeling existing among the officers and expressed in the proceedings of this meeting. but as en American Schafer lie tolt mat be

that he has coupied by to keep as y kept in a y solicit a

-Keeper-

HIS

of the whole State, and that their meeting would \$25,000,000. Besides this, the war cloud Mr. Benton submitted a resolution, that, from same footing with woollens. ate, having the sentiments of the country more would go with gentlemen for putting the forti- In the House, the Committee on Naval Af-

C. then proceeded to reply to the speech of retrace. Mr. Bell on the naval bill. He regretted that Tuesday, April 19 .- in the Senate Mr. Ew-C. defended himself from the charge of Mr. ite banks in the eastern cities. Bell in relation to Mr. C's 'assumption' that In the House,—The resolution relating to Sicilies, which was adopted. no quorum, and the Journal evidenced the fact. motion to amend. Mr. O. also vindicated the course of the prestion bills had been unnecessarily delayed .-There had not been an instance, for forty years, citement, was generally passed without the mixtee on the Post Office, &c. slightest embarassment. That bill was retard-Tennessee took another ground; and made a cluded when the Senate adjourned. motion to reduce an item from \$67,000 to \$33,reotleman from Vermont (Mr., Everett) moved to reduce the same item to \$4000, and then

Mr. C. then adverted to the proposition of Mr. Mercer, to engraft upon the civil list a proposition to distribute the surplus revenue, and congratulated the country upon the fruitlessness evinced by the results of the elections in Virginia. Connecticut, and Rhode Island. Mr. C. also vindicated the administration from the on Thursday. charge of having been guilty of extravagant expenditures in works of internal improvement.-They were not responsible for those expendiand the Committees of Ways and Means, Com- the table and ordered to be printed. merce, Roads and Canals, of that House, must measures of regulation should be adopted. He ted. was however, opposed to the Government having anything to do with stocks, and if any sur- Webster, from the Finance Committee, reportplus should remain, after the wants of the Gov- ed a bill remitting the duties on certain goods sundry citizens of Boston, praying the establish- quiries on this subject, by which it appears that the means ernment should be supplied, which he doubted, destroyed by the fire in N. York : read and or- ment of an express mail from Boston to New of the deposite Banks are to their liabilities as about four amount of the liabilities of the several Banks of he would vote, rather than have anything to do deted to a second reading with stocks, that the surplus should be temporarily invested, and leave that fund pledged, in the language of the eighth article of the old Bank, without amendment. confederation, to be disposed of for the common benefit of the United States.' He denied Moneys came up in its order, and on motion of States of the proceeds of the sales of the public made for the expenses of government, the navy and forble for the accumulation, but that it had, on the Tuesday next. contrary, endeavored to stem it. It was prolittle, if any, beyond the ordinary necessities of Finance. the Government. Mr. C. dwelt at length upon inevitable effect of which would be to produce of the session, an increase of the tariff.

with reference to the revenue arising from im- Whole on the following bills :- The bill to au- formation concerning the amount of money portations and the public lands, which, in case therize the President of the United States to which had been received for Public Lands in of a reaction that would inevitably ensue, would accept the service of volunteers; and the bill to the new States, and the manner in which this not amount to more than two-thirds of the ex- provide for the better protection of the Western money had been deposited or transferred.— appearance of the earth. Some sanny spots are beginnpenditures of the Government. He controvert- frontier; the first mentioned bill was considered 1000 extra copies were ordered to be prined the doctrine that there was a large surplus. for some time, and a debate arose thereupon, ted. On the first of January of the present year, the which lasted till the expiration of the hour. At Mr. Morris presented the proceedings of a unappropriated balance in the Treasury amount- one o'clock, the Committee rose, and the House large meeting of the cuizens of Ohio, at Cincined to only \$17,500,000, not including the U. proceeded to the execution of the special order, natti, which recommended to Congress the pro-States Bank stock, for he would not calculate the General Appropriation Bill, on which the priety of recognizing Texas as one of the States on any thing from an institution that had acted previous question was ordered, and the bill pass- of the Union. Some objection was made to as that had done with reference to the pension ed, nem con. There were extraordinary estimates amounting tion in relation to the election of President and which the subject was laid on the table. 10 \$6,000,000; two Indian treaties, approved vice President, the granting of liberal appropriations for the Education for the purpose of national defence, and affairs, reported a bill making appropriations for ble pride, when he looks to the Congressional in relation to the deposites in those banks, de-000; the Seminole war would probably cost the passage of measures to protect the State of the building of arsenals and armories.

ought to act with some caution. He believed \$6,000,000; and there were a large mass of Maine against foreign aggression. The resoluthat the people Cincinnati spoke the united voice other expenditures that would swell it up to tions were ordered to be printed.

be followed by other meetings, not only in Ohio now banging over the southwestern frontier, and after the—day—, in the year 1836, but in every part of the Union. He was willing ought not to escape the attention of Congress, nothing but gold and silver coin ought to be reto lay the proceedings on the table for the pres- He examined in detail the effects of distribut- ceived in payment for the public lands; and of Indian hostilities in Florida, was read twice system, the solvency of the institutions by the ent, as suggested by the Senator from Alaba- ing the surplus revenue in the manner propos- that the Commi tee on Public Lands be instruct and referred. ma, and the more so, us he had been informed ed, which would introduce a general scene of ted to report a bill according'y. that similar memorials would be presented from corruption, break down the independence of The land bill occupied the remainder of the occupied the floor on the subject until the Sen-politician. other parts of the United States, when the Sen- the States and produce consolidation. He session.

In the House the Naval Appropriation bill and coast of the country. He would triple the into Committee of the Whole on the bills au- manner of selecting Deposite Banks, came up ceived, prostrating the wretched sophistry of the was under discussion. Mr. Cambreling moved force in the Gult of Mexico he would increase thorizing the President of the United States to with Mr. Wise's amendment, and was debated Finance Committee, and disarming the panic to amend the following section; 'For the arm- the naval force on the east, and would have an accept the service of volunteers in certain cases until one o'clock. ament of the fortifications, \$200,000, by strik- efficient force in the Pacific, to protect our - and for the protection of the Western frontier Mr. W. Thompson, of S. C. offered a resoing out this sum and increasing \$1,224,301. fisheries, where in case of war, we should be the former was reported to the House with lution calling on the President for information subjoined report. Further comment is unnec-Mr. G. sent to the clerk's table a letter from first assailed. He again adverted to the Semi-Isundry amendments, and on the latter the Com- relative to Texas, but the rule was not suspend- essary. the Secretary of War, dated January 21st, 18- nole war, and the probability of a rupture with mittee asked leave to sit again. 36; inclosing the estimates on which the amend- Mexico, or with the Indians in that quarter, in- Saturday, April 23.—In the Senate, Mr. asked the unanimous consent of the House to ment was founded; which was read. He also cited through the influence of that nation.— Benton's resolution instructing the committee present a memorial in favor of Texas, but obinformed the House that he had moved the Should this be the case, every dollar of the sur- on the public lands to bring in a bill requiring jections being made, the House proceeded to amendment under the instruction of the Com- plus revenue would be exhausted; and Mr. all payments for the public lands to be made in the bill for the desence of the frontier, and the mittee of Ways and Means. This was the first C. concluded after some further remarks by specie, after a certain time, occupied the prin- acceptance of volunteers, which was discussed ing words: motion he had made with reference to the dis- calling upon these friends of distribution to pause cipal part of the session. Messrs. Benton, to a late hour and finally ordered to be engrossposition of the surplus revenue, and it was due and reflect upon these circumstances, before Webster, Niles, Ewing, Calhoun, Shepley and ed for a third reading on Wednesday. to himsell to state his views at length. Mr. they took a step which they would be unable to Porter, addressed the Senate-the debute end-

the presiding officer of the last Congress should ing submitted a resolution making some enqui- offered a resolution, calling upon the Secretary have entered into a controversy about the pro- ries in relation to the amount of money receiv- of State to lay before the House a copy of the ceedings of the last night of the session. Mr. ed for public lands and transferred to the depos- awards made by the commissioners of claims

there was no quorum at a particular moment of the deposite Banks offered by Mr. Dromgoole that night. He knew it from the yeas and nays. being under consideration, Mr. Wise resumed House to take up the resolution in relation to The then Speaker himself also knew there was and concluded his remarks in support of his the deposite banks, &c. which lay on the ta-

ent Committee of Ways and Means, in reply of the bill making appropriations for the civil and was devoted to private business. to the charge of Mr. Bell, that the appropria- diplomatic expenses of the United States for 1836.

Wednesday, April 20 .- In the Senate, Mr. when so many of the ordinary appropriation McKean presented a memorial from sundry bills had been reported within fifteen days from merchants of Philadelphia, complaining the irthe time the committee were announced. He regularities and delays in the transmission of of the number of foreign passengers who came have been selected as depositation of the public lands adverted, in reply to the course of the gentle- the mails, and praying Congress to authorize into the United States in the year 1835. man from Tennessee himself, on the ordinary the Postmaster General to contract for an ex- A report from the Treasury Department, appears that there is an enexperded Surplus of something paval bill, containing appropriations for all parts press mail through the principal cities of the U- supplying some deficiencies necessary to com- more than thirty millions. Some of the opposition are of the world, which, in times of high party ex- nion. The memorial was referred to the com- plete the returns of the amount of money in the loud in their clamours against the deposite Banks for

The bill to appropriate, for a limited time, ed for several weeks by a motion of the gentle- the nett proceeds of the public lands and grantone half, in order to save \$300,000 in the ex-special order, Mr. Southard resumed his reigency of a war with France. After this had marks in support of the bill, and was followed by support of the bill by support been debated for some time, the gentleman from by Mr. Wright in opposition. He had not con-

In the House, the joint resolution from the 500, which was discussed at great length, the Senate, fixing the 23d day of May for the ap- pinions of the heads of the several departments party, in order that they and their friends may speculate in the last two quarters, to increase nearly one gentleman himself speaking four days upon it; pointment of Congress, was taken up, and the upon the propriety of increasing the salaries of upon the distress of the country. Those who take the hundred per cent; and that the expenditures and then he refused to vote on his own motion. Inotion to lay the resolution on the table was a- their clerks. greed to, yeas 102, navs 74.

that was the motion he himself intended to of Michigan into the Union, was read a 1st and motion being agreed to, the bill was read, and that it is loaned to partizant of the administration and 2d time.

appropriations for the civil and diplomatic ex- priated for the Navy from \$1,074,178,91 of the various attempts to renew the panic, as after a debate, Mr. Hannegan moved the present. previous question, which was sustained, and the bill ordered to be engrossed for a third reading session.

The Chair presented a letter from the Sec-

Mr. Johnson of Indiana, from the Commitbe held accountable for the amount of appro- tee on Commerce, reported a bill for the erpriations made for them. In reference to the ection of a Custom House and Public Store a bill making a further appropriation of one milpublic deposites, Mr. C. was anxious that some at New Orleans-read twice and commit- lion of dollars for the suppression of Indian hos-

Thursday, April 21 .- In the Senate, Mr.

Mr. Webster also reported a bill to repeal the printed. 14th section of the act relating to the U. S.

that the present administration were accounta- Mr. Wright, was made the special order for lands.

The General Appropriation Bill was receiv- Whole, on the bill making appropriations for duced by the tariff act of 1816. He himself ed from the House, read twice by unanim- the Indian Department, annuities, &c. for the did not think the surplus would continue but ous consent, and referred to the Committee on year 1836-and the bill supplementary to the

The bill to distribute the avails of the public tain officers not provided for by law-which the subject, and that of the distribution of the lands among the several States came up in its were considered, and reported to the House with proceeds of the sales of the public lands, the order, and occupied the Senate the remainder sundry amendments.

The House, in pursuance of the special or- Vice President laid before the Senate a report He also entered into a variety of statements der of yesterday, went into Committee of the from the Treasury Department, calling for in-

ed in a resolution of enquiry.

In the House, Mr. Smith, of Maine, on leave, under the convention with the king of the Two

Mr. Dromgoole obtained the consent of the und concluded his remarks in support of his the deposite banks, &c. which lay on the tanotion to amend.

The House proceeded to the consideration til one o'clock, and the remainder of the session triends whose accounts are of more than three months

was presented and laid on the table.

The following reports were laid before the Senate :- A report from the State Department their spicen in attacks upon these State Banks which

Deposite Banks.

to authorise the Secretary of the Treasury to pressure at prevent felt in the money market. Others be printed.

Mr. Webster, also from the Committee on Finance, reported a resolution requiring the o-

General Appropriation Bill-The House on naval affairs, was taken up for consideration. resumed the consideration of the "bill making This amendment increases the amount appro-

In the House, the question of order pending on the subject of the disposition of the memoriformity with the instructions.

tilities in Florida-which was subsequently passed through all its stages.

Orleans—laid on the table and ordered to be to one. So much for the security of the public funds. | deposite, respectively, with their means of meet-

Mr. J. Q. Adams presented the joint resolutions of the Legislature of Massachusetts, in fa- by Mr. Clay. In the first place let us ascertain if there according to the returns nearest to the 1st of The bill to regulate the deposits of the public vor of the distribution among the several will be a surplus after the necessary appropriations are March, the amount of liabilities, immediate and

> The House then went into Committee of the civil and diplomatic bill for the payment of cer-

Tuesday, April 26.—In the Senate.—The

the reference of these proceedings to the Com- currency is boldly to charge on the deposite a note they consist chiefly of stocks, bonds, fund and the widow and orphan. This amount Friday, April 22.—In the Senate, Mr. Shep-mittee on Foreign Relations, by Mr. King, of banks an imbility to repay the revenue, entrost-mortgages, bills, and checks in transity, capidal and the resolutions of the Legislature Alabama, who thought it was possible that this cd to their custoday, at the call of the Treas-tals furnished to branches, &c. and are pread during the present year without the aid of of his State, instructing the Senators to support course might injuriously effect our neutral relative Department. This accusation has been somed to be, generally, secure and proper inadopting any measure of direct distribution. the adoption of an amendment of the Constitutions, a short debate took place, at the close of attempted to be sustained by the returns of the vestments,

are adjourned.

generally expressed, it would be proper to call fications in a state of defence, and of possessing fairs reported that it is inexpedient to establish goole's resolution calling for information from call on the Secretary of the Treasury in relaa paval power commensuate with the commerce a Navy Yard at Baltimore. The House went the Secretary of the Treasury relative to the tion to this subject, and an answer has been re-

ed to receive the same. Mr. Storer, of Ohio.

ONFORD DEMOCRAT. Paris, May 10, 1830.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS. FOR PRESIDENT

MARTIN VAN BUREN, of N. York. FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

RICHARD M. JOHNSON, of Rentacky.

was devoted to private business.

Monday, April 25.—In the Senate, a remonstrance in relation to Slavery in Arkansas, to forward our duer by their friends PET BANKS. Since the removal of the deposites from the U. S. Bank, its minious and advocates have vented By a late report from the Secretary of the Treasury, it Treasury, subject to draft, on the 1st of April, hearding up such an amount of property, which they Mr. Webster reported a bill from the House, say if put in circulation, would materially relieve the man to reduce the appropriations for navy yards ing lands to the several States, coming up as the act as agent of the United States in all matters of the same party tell a different story. They assure us

are all owing to the skilful management of this fund -Those who complain that the money is hoarded up, say larger in the first than in the second quarter of that it is done by the leading men of the administration | each year, but in A. D. 1835, fluctuated so as. opposite ground, that the money is all loaned out, tell during the first quarter of the present year have Nany Appropriations .- Mr. Southard mov- the people that they are in danger of losing it—that the been so small us to draw somewhat less money The bill from the Senate to fix the northern ed to take up the bill making appropriations for deposite Banks are irresponsible, and that the public have from the Treasury than during the first quarthe gentleman from Tennessee declared that boundary line of Ohio, and for the admission the Naval Service for the year 1836. The no sufficient security for the payment of the money-ters of those years. the first amendment of the Senate Committee used for electioncering. All the opposition accuse the ces where this money was then deposited, the friends of the administration of being unwilling to dis- schedule annexed also exhibits the amount to tribute the Surplus among the States, because they can the credit of the Treasurer on that day in each penses of the United States for the year 1836" to 2,544,338,15. Laid on the table for the ly, because they form the burden of almost every oppoof the public funds. We have stated these charges plain. The Land Bill occupied the remainder of the as seriously as if they believed them to be true, at least ferent banks and States arises from the fact sition paper into which we look, and some repeat them

being used for political purposes. If the administration alone, being money either collected nearest to retary of War, transmitting, in compliance with als heretolore presented by Mr. Slade, in rela- would cerive benefit from it in this way, it must be plant them, or sent to them for future disbursement a resolution of the House, a statement of the tion to the admission of Arkansas into the Union, | ced in the hands and under the control of friends of the or forsale keeping, at the most convenient points tures, for, in the first place, those works had names, ages, duties, and salaries of the Clerks were considered until one o'clock, on a motion, present dominant party. Such, however, is not the case. for public use, in the manner and under the their origin under former administrations, the in his Department—also similar statements from to refer the same to the committee on Ways and A large majority of the deposite Banks are owned and circumstances explained more fully in my last Daleware breakwater, Cumberland road &c; other departments; all of which were laid on Means, with instructions to report a bill in con- controlled by opposition men. This fact is beyond dis- annual report to Congress. nute, and constitutes an unanswerable refutation of the Mr. Cambreleng, by leave of the House, re- charge of electioneering with the public money. Such ported from the Committee on Ways and Means, was not the conduct of the opposition when their Bank had the deposites. They probably judge of their opponents by themselves.

But we are told that if not used for polical purposes it Mr. Lawrence presented a memorial from of the Secretary of the Treasury, made in reply to en- temporary charge for fiscal purposes alone. the Indian war. If after all this there appears to be a surplus which will probably continue, we are in favor of a distribution in almostan, constitutional manner, rath. er than that it should remain in the Treasury to be quarthe accumulation of a surplus.

> Mr. Clay's Land Bill has passed the Senate by a vote of 25 to 21. Several of the administration Senators voting in favor and two of the opposition against it Its passage in the House is a more doubtful matter.

The Weather. We have been favored with a few days of spring like weather which has materially changed the ing to look green to the great joy of the hungry eattle snow drifts left.

The Law Term of the Supreme Judicial Court will w held in this town next week.

Banks, and by a most singular species of reas-

Mr. Davis introduced a bill, the object of Webster, Chairman of the Finance Committee which was to place worsteds in the tariff on the |-in relation to this subject. A Chairman of so important a Committee, in a body, beyond The H use bill making a turther appropriatial doubt, the most able in the world, estimatamount of specie on band, is a little too ridic-The Land bill then came up and Mr. Clay luous for even the post-house, or a bar-room

The misrepresentations and panic fury of the In the House of Representatives Mr. Drom- opposition in Congress, has induced a direct makers of their favorite weapon of attack.

We ask the attention of our readers to the

THEASURY DEPARTMENT ? April 18, 1836.

Sin: The present communication is submitmitted in compliance with a resolution of the Senate passed on the 13th instant, in the follow-

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Treasry be directed to report to the Senate, with as ittle delay as may be practicable, the amount of noney in the Treasury of the first of this month were deposited, and the amount of the liabilities of the several banks of deposite, respectivey, with their means of meeting the same ; and, also, the receipts of the Treasury for the quarter ending the S1st of March last, arranged under the he ds of customs, public lands, and incidental receipts.

Inferring from the introductory language used n their solution, that an early reply was very desirable, measures were immediately taken to prepare the statements requested, so far as the ecessary returns have been received at this Department. Although they are not yet complete from a few distant places, yet it is believed the results will not be very materially altered by the residue of them.

in of the control of

po: hai Cu

1. In reply to the first inquiry by the Senate, would observe that the amount of money in the 1836, so far as ascertained in the running account kept by the Treasurer for his information is believed to be correctly stated in his communication annexed, at the sum of \$31,895,165

It may be proper to add, in explanation, that this is the amount, without any deduction for outstanding existing appropriations; that, during the two previous years the receipts from both customs and lands have been somewhat

2. In reply to the next inquiry as to the plabank employed as a depository of the public money.

noney. (A.)
The difference between the amounts in difthat the sums were placed in those banks on In the first place how stands the charge of this money | mere fiscal principles and for fiscal purposes

This Department, without special authority from Congress, and which authority that body has not yet thought proper to confer, has never felt empowered to divide equally among the States or its banks, for louning out with or withis in unsafe hands, and much of it will inevitably be lost out interest, or for any other than fiscal purto the country. In reply, we refer to the recent report poses, any of the money now intrusted to its

3. In relation to the inquiry concerning the The last charge is that the democratic party are oppos- ing the same, a document is annexed, the latest ed to the distribution of the surplus revenue as proposed completed on this subject, which gives in detail otherwise, of each bank, and the means of that tifications of the country, and the probable expenses of bank, whether immediate or otherwise, to discharge its liabilities. (B) In explanation, an aggregate statement is given at the bottom of the document, which shows the immediate liabilirelled about or foolishly squandered. Still we should ties of all these banks, at that time, to be about prefer a reduction of the revenue to the ordinary and \$93,000,069 96, and the immediate means of necessary expenses of the government so as to prevent all to discharge those limbilities, to be about \$38,082,699 93; such means being in the ratio of about one to two and a half of those liabilities. It shows further, that their whole liabilities, other than to their stockholders for capital, are about \$103,762,279 80, and their whole means of every kind, to discharge them, are about \$146,956,210 07, or one of means to less than three-lourths of those liabilities .-In further explanation, I would observe that whose lank sides and projecting bones tell of the hard, among the means, are included, under the head ships they have endored. We have yet many deep of 'other investments,' the sum of about \$12.-

427,759 97. That is to describe in the table annexed, for the purpose and convenience of condensing numerous small items, which, in most cases, are set out by the banks with par-One part of the system of warfare on the ticularity and fulness. As suggested, partly in

reports, and sees the views put forth by Mr. pends not only on their large means, compared

ice Committee A Chairman of body, beyond world, estimatesent Banking titutions by the little too ridicor a bar-room

mic fury of the duced a direct easury in relaer has been resophistry of the ning the panic of attack. readers to the

nent is unnec-ARTHENT) S36. tion is submitsolution of the

i, in the followof the Trens-Senate, with as the amount of it of this month t of the liabiliite, respectivehe same ; and, y for the quart, arranged onlands, and in-

language used reply was very intely taken to l, so far as the eceived at this e not yet comet it is believterially altered

by the Senate. if money in the s Ist of April, e ronning nehis information in his commu-\$31,895,165

splanation, that deduction for ms : that, durreceipts from een somewhat and quarter of uctuated so as, ase nearly one expenditures sent year have rat less money the first quar-

y as to the pladeposited, the the amound to out day in each r of the public

amounts in diffrom the fact hose banks on fiscal purposes cted nearest to e disbursement inventent points nd under the ully in my last

ecial authority prity that body nfer, has never lly among the ut with or withian fiscal purintrusted to its oses alone.

oncerning the veral Backs of means of meetexed, the latest gives in detail it to the 1st of immediate and means of that erwise, to disxplanation, an e bottom of the nediate liabiliie, to be about diate means of es, to be about reing in the ra-If of those liaheir whole liaolders for cay-80, and their ischarge them, one of means se liabilities. d observe that inder the liead f about \$12,be in the table convenience of

connexion with the Treasury, ose banks, deans, compared

ms, which, in

anks with parested, partly in stocks, bonds, transity, capi-

and are proand proper inwith their liabilities to the Government and othe sweep through the State Governments would be saults of any man; much less a mountebank!-

4. The fourth and last inquiry is as to the receipts into the Treasury for the quarter ending the 31st of March last, arranged under the
heads of customs, public lands, and incidental
receipts.—These, so far as ascertained are from
customs \$5,006,050; from lands \$5,439,650;
and from miscellaneous sources \$280,000.—
properly expended or made the "sop to Cerbeand from miscellaneous sources \$280,000.—
The second customs and clearness of any last floor. All the sents were vacated on one side of the House, and day Book—Letters of Adam Clarke—Letters of a Longular Clarke—Letter ned to be unprecedentedly great. This has that it should be used to corrupt the States and and was borne out into the lobby and let blood; occurred, also, notwithstanding the quantity of the people. new lands put up for sale, in behalf of the Gov- The only remedy is an immediate reduction new lands put up for sale, in behalf of the Government, at public auction, in the last quarter, of the taxes. To be sure it is insisted that that stantly to his aid. He has been unwell all the rewarded, and all necessary charges paid.

Seein very small; and the probable falling subject has been compromised, and that the comSTEPHEN ROBINSON, Paris.

CLEB CUSHMAN, Jr. Buckfield, compared with those in February, has been promise had been made by the parties interested about one-third. Whether this fulling off, or -by the people upon whom the burden is imany approximation to it, more or less, is likely posed of raising money to be wasted—this stateto continue during the residue of the year, this ment would be more reasonable. But it was, Department, in the great fluctuations of busin- at best, but a bargain between certain distiness and speculation which have characterized guished members of Congress. Is it to be conthe last six months, has not had, and cannot have tended that that bargain must stand against the any means of judging with much certainty. I have the bonor to be,

Very respectfully, Vour obedient servant, LEVI WOODBURY, Hon. MARTIN VAN BUREN,

President of the Senate. Federal party to cry down the credit of the de- a majority of the people are in favor of a reducposite Banks, proves miserably abortive. It tion of the taxes. We cannot doubt that their has not the 'shadow of a shade' to rest on. An | best interests, and the best interests of the Govexhibit of their means and liabilities is, of it- erament imperiously demand that they should self, sufficient to demonstrate their perfect sol- be reduced; and we trust the Representatives vency. In fact, upon the very standard of of the People will not shrink from disturbing a comparison, adopted by the Federal panic- compromise to which the people never consentmakers—the deposite Banks are far sounder ed, and which cannot be observed but with prejthan the Bunk of England, the great prototype udice to their interests, and danger to the govof the Pennsylvania Mammoth-the panacea, ernment. in Federal estimation of all the evils of our currency, and the regulator of the business of the commercial community. From the last returns received of the Bank of England, it had, Circulation,

£18,350,000 Deposites, 15,028,000 £34,398,000

Bullion, 8,201,000 That is, the bank has less than one of imme-ing the Land Fund with its appropriate and lediate specie means to meet four of its immedi- gitimate liabilities, will doom it in the House, &

posite Banks up to the 1st of March, they It has been a tolerable hobby for Mr. Clay, Circulation, Deposites of all sorts,

\$11,067,000 Notes of other banks

These items show that the deposite banks Landing of Columbus, and his reception by the had more than one of specie means to meet untives, as I understood. four of immediate liabilities.

From the Age.

THE REVENUE QUESTION. tribution of the surplus revenue, desiring, no made. Though he disclaimed all knowldoubt, to keen the taxes high and the govern- edge on the subject of the Fine Arts, yet I ment complex by establishing a system of col- think there is only one American, besides the lecting money from the people in order to dis- Artists, who is as good a judge of this subject tribute it to their agents. Were there no con- as himself,-I mean the Hon. R. H. Wilde stitutional objection, the practice would be high- of Ga. who is now in Europe. All that study, ly inexpedient; for it would unnecessarily en- research, observation, and natural taste, could large the power and patronage of the general do for either, has been done for both; and, as government, and inevitably trample down the connoisseurs, I should rely with implicit faith important barrier against federal encroachments on the judgement and taste of either of these which should ever exist in the independence of gentlemen, though I think the one who is unthe States. The whole tendency of such a surpassed in eloquence, must yield to the other scheme is corruption. The chosen repositories the palm of taste and judgment in the Arts .-- 1 of the State sovereignties to whom the people was glad to see the American feeling of Preston must always mainly look for the protection of and still more glad to see that it prevailed.—
their rights, would become mere pensioners of Mr. Buchanan spoke of his acquaintance and their rights, would become mere pensioners of the great central power; and the money deriving of the people be expended in sapping and mining the very citadel of the liberties. The absolute pecuniary loss to the country would be no small affair. Considerable to the country would be not expended by the people themselves to move the small affair. Considerable to the country would be and expense might be saved, and this trouble and expense might be saved, and the noney expended by the people themselves. But I must know after the date bereof must be accounted to the country would be not take the people. Now expense of the people, however honest of intelligent. Sufficient to take the people would be not take the people affair to take the people would be not people when the people would be not take the people wo istered is all that should be collected. The and pointed. The official conduct of Gov. people who pay the taxes need the money more than their agents, and can take much better exceptionable, that for myself, I can hardly conceive it should need defence from the as-

ers, except their stockholders, but on the collat- fearful. Suppose there were a million a year, the viper only gnaws a file. eral security which, as stated in my last annual to be paid over by the General Government to Mr. Eli Moor of N. Y. then took the floor, in North Treasury, in most this State. It is to be expended—and need the Army Bill being under consideration. He linds Corlies. In State. It is to be expended—and need the Army Bill being under consideration. cases where the deposites are large compared we ask how? The joint stock companies who is from the City of the Empire State, and the Patterson, of Saco.

customs \$5,006,050; from lands \$5,439,650; and from miscellaneous sources \$280,000.—
As previously intimated, the receipts from customs and lands have of late years, if not formerly, been considerably larger in the first than will doubtless succeed it, as any one. But with an accumulating surplus revenue, it is impossible an accumulating surplus revenue, it is impossible an accumulating surplus revenue, it is impossible and calhoun came to grathy their customs and Isaw the former eyeing the orations to steadily, and now and then nodding assert.

His argument was against the union of wealth and power, as being subversive of the rights of the people. He ransacked the histories of evelone.

Norway-Village, May 9, 1836.

Norway-Village, May 9, 1836. year so extraordinary a fluctuation happened ble to prevent extravagance in the expenditures ry government for authorities, and shew that that the receipts from lands more than doubled of the Government. Indeed it would be pre- not only civil but religious liberty had been in the last two quarters. Contrary to the ex- levable that the money should be expended in cloven down by the alliance of wealth with powpectation of the Department last November, works not inconsistent with the Constitution, er. Before he had finished his references to the receipts from the same source have contin- though not absolutely necessary, rather than history, he sunk down speechless into his chair

interest of the people? Can the corrupt agreement of party leaders vest a right in the manufacturers to have the people taxed some ten millions or more a year above what is necessary for the support of the Government? Are Secretary of the Treasury. we to be told that because Messrs. Clay and Culhoun compromised their differences in rela-Vice President of the United States, and tion to the tariff until 1842, that the people are bound to abide their arrangement and submit to

From the Enstern Argus. Washington, April, 28. Mr. Clay's Land Bill, I think, will lay its bones in the House, and would even give up the ghost in the Senate, but for the humanity extraordinary of Mr. Buchanan, and the sympathy plenipotentiary of Mr. Nicholas, The rejection of Col. Benton's amendments, chargdamn it throughout the Nation. There is not From an exhibit of the condition of the de- only no hope, but no fear of its becoming a law. but it is now running like its political jockey, \$27,300,000 its last race; it will not only be off the turl, but 49,668,000 lunder it, before the close of the Session.

Senate. Mr. Buchanan submitted a Reso-\$76,768,000 lution directing the Committee of Finance to take into consideration the propriety of reportng an appropriation to Signior Persico for comequal to specie, \$10,876,000 21,943,000 pleting the ornaments of the East Front of the Capitol, by adding two groups of Statuary, the

Mr. Preston offered an amendment, directing the Committee to inquire what ornaments were appropriate, and who should be recommended to execute them,—thinking this the Some of the opposition are in favor of a dis- best course before any appropriations were

with the capitul of the bank.

The returns of all the Banks to the 31st of March have not yet been received and arranged; but, as soon as they are, the result will be submitted. So far as examined, it is believed that the proportions on the above subject, level that the proportion of Col. James Hersey, Jr. aged 50 years,

Adams made his unrivalled speech on the Lost Rill. His manner is now to a subject to a proportion of Col. James Hersey, Jr. aged 50 years,

Bill His manner is now to be subject to the following and Livermore to Fortland, and that an improvement may be made in Jay in said nost road from Farming-ton through Jay and Livermore to Fortland, and that an improvement may be made in Jay in said nost road which is the proportion of Col. James Hersey, Jr. aged 50 years,

Bill His manner is proportion. He is a young man, bred, lunderstand, a mechanic, and is self-in-structed. I am thus particular, because is a young and country of Oxford, and country of Oxford, but the mide of the following and country of Oxford, but the proportion of Col. James Hersey, Jr. aged 50 years,

In Portland, on Taesday last, Miss Sarah Pout, of Oxford, and country of Oxford, and country of Oxford, and country of Oxford, and country of Oxford, but the mide of the following and country of Oxford, and country the yeoman and working man—would lose both interest and principal.

There is not now on hand more money than will be required for certain extraordinay but see the greatest compass and clearness of any necessary expenditures connected with the defendance of the place described for any large of the place described for said Ridges there are not now on hand more money than tures natural and graceful, his enunciation, improvement may be made in Jay in said post road which through Jay and Livermore to Portland, and that any improvement may be made in Jay in said post road which will pass over said bridge, by making the following alterations or establishing a new road,—Beginning in the present travelled road, near the burying yard, south of Norally, east of the Rosamond.—Young Wife's Book—Young Lady's Sun-Powder house, and west of John Crafts, it have ever heard on that floor. All the sents receipts into the Treasury for the quarter end- will be required for certain extraordinay but ses the greatest compass and clearness of any

REIS EFFENDI.

FIVE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE. By the packet ship Sheffield, Capt. Allen, we have received London papers to March 8th, and examine the claims of creditors to the estate of and Liverpool to the 9th, both inclusive.

The following is extracted from Galignani's on each of said days.

Messenger of March 4th:

We have just received the important official

Newry, April 14, 1836.

Newry, April 14, 1836. Messenger of March 4th: of England in the question at issue between this of England in the question at issue between this country and the United States, brought to Harve by the New York packet the Albany, which sailed on the 10th of February. This important news, though generally expected from the tenor of the various private letters received by the previous arrival, will be hailed with general satisfaction, as putting to rest the anxieties which must of necessity have prevailed while a doubt remained on a subject involving such immense political and commercial interest. It will be observed that the only points upon which the President of the United States expressed a hesitation was a doubt as to whether the Cabinet of the county of proposed for sale at the House of Mrs. County of Oxford and State of Maine, on the Scont day of June next, at ten of the close A. M., so much of the Real Estate of HEN. RY JONES, late of Bangor, in the County of Penobscot, there will be exposed for sale at the House of Mrs. Releif Jones in Turner, in the County of Oxford and State of Maine, on the Scont day of June next, at ten of the close A. M., so much of the Real Estate of HEN. RY JONES, late of Bangor, in the County of Penobscot, there will be exposed for sale at the House of Mrs. Releif Jones in Turner, in the County of Oxford and State of Maine, on the second day of June next, at ten of the close of Mrs. Ry JONES, late of Bangor, in the County of Penobscot, as will produce the sum of the Real Estate of HEN. RY JONES, late of Bangor, in the County of Penobscot, as will produce the sum of the Real Estate of HEN. RY JONES, late of Bangor, in the County of Penobscot, as will produce the sum of the Real Estate of HEN. RY JONES, late of Bangor, in the County of Penobscot, in Paris, in Said county, to Slowell's Mills, in Paris, in Sa Thus it will be seen that the attempt of the their dictation? We trust not. We believe that country and the United States, brought to Hathe Tuilcries would accept the offer of media-tion by Great Britain; this doubt does not, however, exist at this side the Atlantic, as that acceptation was officially announced in the place of sale.

JOHN M. LANDER, Administrator, Moniteur of the 28th of December. All ap- Bangor, April 30, 1836. prehensions of a rupture may therefore be con-

The Revista of the 27th affirms that orders had been sent to the Governor of Tortosa to cause the mother of Cabrera to be shot, and to imprison her three daughters, notwithstanding their being married to national guards, by way of orepresal for the atrocities committed by Cabrera. In confirmation of this we find a desponding by the commander-in-chief, Augustus Noguora, in which he speaks of having received the orders, and adds "Consequently at 6 o'clock to-morrow morning the mother of the courty of Oxford, and the cruel Cabrara is to be shot, his three sisters shall be arrested in the evening, as also the nearest relatives of the reble chiefs & officers, in order to prevent these barbarians from continuting in their system of atrocities by interesting them in the fate of those who are near and dear of the control of the control of this well are the control of the The Revista of the 27th affirms that orders them in the fate of those who are near and dear

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MARRIED.

In North Yarmouth, Mr. George N. Corliss, to Mrs. Me-In Suco, Mr. Alvan B. Palmer, of Hollis, to Miss Olive G.

SNotice,

cloven down by the alliance of wealth with power. Before he had finished his references to history, he sunk down speechless into his chair and was borne out into the lobby and let blood; and after recovering a little, was conveyed home white stripe in his face, and short hill. Whoever will return said horse, or give information so that he may be -Mrs. Moore was in the gallery, and flew inobtained, to citier of the subscribers, shall be suitably

Commissioners' Notice.

PHILIP MILLS,

The President's message to Congress, announcing the acceptance of the mediation, had reached France and England, and was considered as removing every possibility of a rupplus, on the last Tuesdays of May and June, and the 2d Tuesday of July next, from 10 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M.

Administrator's Sale.

tion was a doubt as to whether the Cabinet of seven. Also, one undivided half of Lot No. one hun-

Moniteur of the 28th of December. An epprehensions of a rupture may therefore be considered happily at an end.

To the Hon, County Commissioners of the County of Oxford.

MADRID, February 25.—The decree for the sale of the national property, published last County, which some of the extreme Liberals, eager for plans, have latterly endeavored to oust. This important measure, which would, as it is said here, have, if published two years ago, fully prevented all the factions, has already produced good results.

A French company has, is stated, made an offer to the Spanish Government to buy the clutch bells, which, conformably to the Royal clerce, are to be put up for sale, with the exception of one at each church. The sum which the Spanish Treasury expects that this sale will produce is 65,000,000 francs, (£2,600,000), the sale and this produce is 65,000,000 francs, (£2,600,000), but it is not said whether the French company has all the sale and the sale an

Attest—R. K. GOODENOW, Clerk.

A true copy of said Petition and Order thereon.

Adest—R. K. GOODENOW, Clerk.

To the County Commissioners for the County of Oxford at their Session to be holden at Paris in and for said County on the last Tuesday of October 1835.

ESPECTFULLY represent the subscribers inhab. to the place described for said Bridge, thence across the Androscoggin river and Pine Island to the south side of the river, thence in the best place, passing cast of Daniel D. Richardson's house to the present travelled county road near John Richardson's School House (so called,) or in such other place on the south side of said river as shall be adjudged best, to said county road. Also to locate one other piece from the route above described, going north of John Graft's house to the county road. passing by him. We therefore request, after due notice given, you would locate and establish the roads as above described, and discontinue so much of the present trav-elled road between the two termini as shall be rendered and adjudged unnecessary for the public travel by the establishing the road aforesaid, and as in duty bound will ever pray.

JOHN RICHARDSON, will ever pray, Oct. 24, 1835,] & 19 others.

STATE OF MAINE.

Oxford, 55: At a meeting of the County Commissioners legan and holden at Paris within and for said county of Oxford

on the last Tuesday of October, A. D. 1835. on the last I uesday of October, A. D. 1600.

N the foregoing Petition. Ordered, That the Petitioners give notice to all persons and corporations interested, that the County Commissioners will meet at the dwelling house of Stillman Royes, in Jay, on Friday the truth day of June next, at nine o'clock A. M. when they will proceed to view the routh set forth in the petition; and immediately after such view, at some convenient place in the vicinity, will give a hearing to convenient place in the violnity, will give a hearing to the parties and their witnesses, by causing attested copies of said Petition and of this Order of Notice thereon to be served on the Clerk of said town of Jay, and on the County Attorney of said county of Oxford, and by posting up like copies in three public places in said town & by publishing the same three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat, printed at Paris, the first of said publications and each of the other notices to be made, served, and posted, at least, thirty days before the time of said meeting, that all persons interested susy then and thereappear, and shew cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Attest—R. K. GOODENOW, Clerk.
A true copy of said Petition and Order thereon. Attest-R. K. GOODENOW, Clerk,

To the Hon. County Commissioners for the County of Oxford, October Term, 1835.

STATE OF MAINE.

Oxfond, ss; At a meeting of the County Commissioners begun and holden at Paris, within and for said County of Oxford, on the last Tuesday of October, A. D. 1835.

Note the foregoing Petition, Ordered, That the Petitioners give notice to all persons and co-porations interested, that the County Commissioners will neet at Durell's Tavern in Paris, on Tuesday the 14th day of June next, at nine o'clock A. M. when they will proceed to view the route set forth in the petition: and immediate

OTICE is hereby given, that at a Meeting of the County Commissioners begun and holden at Paris within and for the County of Oxford on the last Tuesday

Oxford, or to his successor in said Office, within six months from the date hereof. And unless said remaining part of said tax is paid within that time, so much of said land on which said tax remains unpaid as will pay the balance due on said tax and all necessary incidental charges will be sold at Public Vendue at the Court House in said Paris, on the fourth gay of Newsylvan. House in said Paris, on the fourth any of November next at ten of the clock in the forenoon.

ALANSON MILLEN, Treasurer of said County of Oxford

ENILRIAINMENT.

THE subscriber having removed from Paris, and purchased the well known Tavern in Falsourit, recently owned and occupied by SAMUEL HICKS, respectfully solicits a share of public patronage. The Tave ern is now undergoing repairs, whereby it will be ren-dered convenient and comfortable. No pains will be spared to render the accommodations agreeable to travelets and men of business who may patronize the establishment.—It is situated eight and a liait miles from Portland Market, on the new road leading to Gray.

A convenient Stable is attached to the Thvorn, where

good attendance is insured by a good and faithful hostler.
With these conveniences, and determined to merit the confidence of the public, he flatters himself that he shall be alue to give entire satisfaction to all who may lavor aim with their patronage, OTES WASHBURN.

Falconde, April 27th, 1830 'RADUR DA.ODUETE'

NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

From the Eastern Argus.

possession. The Banks too are sale absolutely safe—and able, we believe—to respond to the last mill to every call of the Treasury for the revenue in their vaults. Their published returns show this. Their ordinary resources are fully competent to meet their utmost liabilities growing out of their custody of the public funds. The most despicable slander of the opposition—the most despicable slander of the opposition—the most public resort of reckless mendacity—is to charge in the face of these returns, an inability on the part of these deposite Banks to return, acthe call of the Treasury, the revenue entrusted to their sale keeping. The government, however, has in cases where captual of Banks is small in proportion to the public and force about 2000, of which 500 were cavilial of Banks is small in proportion to the public and force about 2000, of which 500 were cavilial of Banks is small in proportion to the public and force about 2000, of which 500 were caviliated the revenue on the work, a full street Steel Engraving, Steel Engraving, costaining the interest of Actors & Acto the revenue in their vaults. Their published government, however, has in cases where capital of Banks is small in proportion to the public All this charge of insolvency is clearly a humbug, for in the same breath in which it is made, we are told, that the public have no benefit from the deposites, because they are locked up

of the United States Bank: for, Mr. W. believed that nine-tenths of these very misnamed
pets had petitioned for, or favored the recharter of, the Bank of the United States. They
were, said Mr. W. with few exceptions, all opposed to the President. The official documents
from the Treasury Department, on which gentenemen of the opposition have heretofore commented, exhibit the fact, that the Planters' Bank
of Mississippi held nearly three millions of the bublic moneys; and yet this commons sum is permitted to remain in a bank, whose president whose cashier and directors, were the decided opponents of that gentleman, whose cause, it is misimuted, the President desires to promote through the aid of the public moneyse in the deposite banks. Should not this fact convince every impartial mind, that these charges against the President were utterly groundless. Sic, said Mr. W., i branch and the rest in company with the president were utterly groundless. Sic, said that a publication of the list of names of the deposite banks are opposed to the President. It is not right to the deposite banks are opposed to the President were utterly groundless. Sic, said and the president were the president of the deposite banks are opposed to the President in the president were utterly groundless. Sic, said and the president were the president of the deposite banks are opposed to the President in the president were the president of the deposite banks are opposed to the President in the deposite banks are opposed to the President in the deposite banks are opposed to the President were unterly groundless. Sic, said that a publication of the list of names of the sic children in the president of the deposite banks are opposed to the President and the president of the deposite banks are opposed to the President were unterly groundless. Sic, said that a publication of the first pressure the president of the deposite banks are opposed to the President and the pressure pressure the pressure pressure the pressure pressure the pressure that the public pressure the pressure that the pressure th public moneys; and yet this enormous sum is Fears are entertained that Col. Fannin, in Engravings of celebrated Winning Horses will be given every

and, Sir, so far as my humble means would go, animals take their turns in a pasture. By means a would most cheerfully insure the prompt paying of this, nearly all the herbage produced will be ment of all the public moneys by the Planters' enten; much of which would otherwise be lost. Bank of Mississippi at less than one twentieth of Horses will eat some things that both the one Por cent. Sir, said Mr. W. that bank is and the other leave.

The stock of a farmer be regater or less. For sale at up the following Agents: owned and controlled by political opponents;—
but I leel bound to say, that the institution is perfectly solvent, fully able to meet at any mo
perfectly solvent, fully able to meet at any mo
ture land. One inclosure may be fed two weeks

For sale at 0 by the following Agents:

For

and that is, at this moment, infinitely safer than cruit well in six weeks: and each will have the Bank of the United States; that it has more this time to recruit. But in the latter part of THE SALMAGUNDI, The U. S. Bank panies were nothing to the specie or northern funds, in proportion to its cir- October, the cuttle may range through all excitement attempted to be got up by the Fed-culation, than the Bank of the United States .- the lots unless some one may become too eral party on the subject of the Deposite Banks Sir, said Mr. W. an effort was made some two wet and soft. Feeding pastures in rotation is in the extent to which ridiculous humbuggery years ago, on this floor, to destroy the credit of of greater advantage than some are apt to imis pressed upon an intelligent people. In one and the same breath, we hear, the Deposite Banks accused of locking up from use thirty or forty millions of dollars, and thereby causing a pressure on the business community, and anon, the government in buying up partisans for Mr.

The pressure of the extent to which ridiculous numouggery years ago, on this floor, to destroy the credit of an ord character, bearing the agine. One acre, managed accor ing to the above appeals and the beginning above directions, will turn to better account sent in from all the distant cities for redemption in specie, and they were redeemed and the panic forty millions of dollars, and thereby causing a in specie, and they were redeemed and the panic forty millions of conjunction with the government in buying up partisans for Mr.

The pressure on the business community, and anon, the government in buying up partisans for Mr.

The pressure of the notes of the notes of the bank were above directions, will turn to better account above directions, will turn to better account some say who have practised it, than three acres in the common way."

An English writer says, in turning out horses to grass in the spring, it is usual to choose the throughout the Union? Is it intended once throughout the Union? Is it intended once the proper channel for their preservation, are possible to the partial account and the panic of panic partial account and the panic part of using the public moneys in conjunction with another panic, not merely in this simply. But the government in buying up partisans for Mr.

Van Buren! At one time we are told that the revenue is lost to the country, and at another that the Banks are making millions upon millions in the gratuitous use of the public money! Now, here is the consistency of faction—any thing for the occasion, and something for every quality developed in this new panic of the Fedquality developed in this new panic of the Feddent? Is it for this, that inflated estimates of the public, nother alarm by assirting that twenty percent, the sunshine and lies down to rest during the faithful record of the seintillations of their genius, consequence is, the horse fills his belly during the faithful record of the seintillations of their genius, the sunshine and lies down to rest during the sunshine and lies down to rest during the faithful record of the seintillations of their genius, consequence is, the horse fills his belly during the faithful record of the seintillations of their genius, consequence is, the horse fills his belly during the faithful record of the seintillations of their genius, consequence is, the sunshine and lies down to rest during the sunshine and lies down to rest during the sunshine shift is not necessary to detail the many attractions which is not necessary to detail the many attractions which is not necessary to detail the many attractions which is not necessary to detail the many attractions which is not necessary to detail the many attractions which is not necessary to detail the many attractions which is not necessary to detail the many attractions which is not necessary to detail the many attractions which is not necessary to detail the many attractions which is not necessary to detail the many attractions which is not necessary to detail the many attractions which is not necessary to detail the many attractions which is not necessary to detail the many attractions which is not necessary to detail the many attrac pable misrepresentation also. The Deposite when at the rising of Congress, when all the ap-Banks are in the hands, and under the manage- propriation bills may have passed, there may be sale was made recently at Cincinnati of the larm ment, mainly, of the opposition. Fine allies no surplus at all? But these public moneys are and stock of the late J. D. Gerrard. The farm will be furnished to the patrons of this Journal in one ment, mainly, of the opposition. Fine allies no surplus at all? But these public moneys are these—the hot adherants, and fast friends of the not deposited in the United States Bank; they consisting of 475 acres, was sold at \$60 an out deposited in the United States Bank; they consisting of 475 acres, was sold at \$60 an out deposited in the United States Bank; they consisting of 475 acres, was sold at \$60 an out deposited in the United States Bank; they consisting of 475 acres, was sold at \$60 an out deposited in the United States Bank; they consisting of 475 acres, was sold at \$60 an out deposited in the United States Bank; they consisting of 475 acres, was sold at \$60 an out deposited in the United States Bank; they consisting of 475 acres, was sold at \$60 an out deposited in the United States Bank; they consisting of 475 acres, was sold at \$60 an out deposited in the United States Bank; they consisting of 475 acres, was sold at \$60 an out deposited in the United States Bank; they consisting of 475 acres, was sold at \$60 an out deposited in the United States Bank; they consisting of 475 acres, was sold at \$60 an out deposited in the United States Bank; they consisting of 475 acres, was sold at \$60 an out deposited in the United States Bank; they consisting of 475 acres, was sold at \$60 an out deposited in the United States Bank; they consisting of 475 acres, was sold at \$60 an out deposited in the United States Bank; they consisting of 475 acres, was sold at \$60 an out deposited in the United States Bank; they consisting of 475 acres, was sold at \$60 an out deposited in the United States Bank; they consisting of 475 acres, was sold at \$60 an out deposited in the United States Bank; they consisting of 475 acres, was sold at \$60 an election of Satire, Critical acres. A full-blooded Durham Bull, two years old, breath of the position to the part of the position to the part of \$250. Two old, \$575, and do. I year old, \$295 and this seems to be the great property and attractive order; and the publish of the position used for the accommodation of the business did for a moment vibrate upon this subject, but \$80. community. The revenue is profuse-enorm-it is now fixed and immutable that the public ous even, but for this neither the administration moneys had better be scattered to the four winds nor the Banks are to blame. The revenue is of heaven, than to be used as a part of the arraised and collected under laws, which the op-Jullery of the Bank in its war upon the Governposition had their full share in originating. It ment and people of the Union. Believing then

no one would insure the return of these public moneys by these banks to the Government, at less than twenty per cent.

Sir, said Mr. W. if the gentleman will make the offer, he can, I have no doubt, obtain this insurance at less than one half of one per cent; and, Sir, so far as my humble means would go, and so far as my humble means would go.

Wards the second pasture should be treated in ment of the present solone, and the treated in ment of the pres

ment, any call the Treasury may make upon it; and then shut up to grow. Each one will re-

FARMING PROPERTY IN OHIO .- A public

VPF2ZVZADBUB32 MODERN

ACTING DRAMA,

Embellished with Splendid Engravings. is too large—larger than we ever wish or expect, that no useful object can be accomplished by to see it again, but whatever other evils may these meessant assaults upon the deposite banks, grow out of it—it cannot, under the present sys—tem, be used for political purposes. Still, we it may in future have facts and specifications, believe, the Banks extend every facility they instead of vague assertions and groundless instead of vague assertions.

Embettined with Spiendia, Engravings,

The publisher has been in accept, from the extens re patronage, and appearance and to improve and colarge its page—at is all appearance and to improve and enlarge its page—at is all early known to be the most popular edition of Plays which has ever been attempted in this country, and the prospect of its further success is ample and satisfactory. In future the MODERN ACTING DRAMA will be published that no useful object can be accomplished by these or instead of page—at it all appearance and to improve and enlarge its page—at it all appearance and to improve and enlarge its page—at it all appearance and to improve and enlarge its page—at it all appearance and to improve and enlarge its page—at it all appearance and to improve and enlarge its page—at it all appearance and to improve and enlarge its page—at it all appearance and to improve and enlarge its page—at it all appearance and to improve and enlarge its page—at it all appearance and to improve and enlarge its page—at it all appearance and to improve and enlarge its page—at it all appearance and to improve and enlarge its page—at it all appearance and to improve and enlarge its page—at it all appearance and to improve and enlarge its page—at it all appearance and to improve and enlarge its page—at it all appearance and to improve and enlarge its page—at it all appearance and to improve and enlarge its page—at it all appearance and to improve and enlarge its page—at it all appearance and to improve and enlarge its page—at it all appearance and to improve and enlarge its page—at instead of vague assertions and groundless insinuations.

TEXAS.

Charleston papers to April 23d, by the steamboat Columbia, and New Orleans to April 13th

boat Columbia, and New Orleans to April 13th

Every persons who desures to preserve an invaluab conference of the Revolutionary War, and the same are the likenesses of Six distinguished Actors & Actresses.

Every persons who desures to preserve an invaluab conference to the Revolutionary War, and the same are the Revolutional particulars what
Every persons who desures to preserve an invaluab conference to the Revolutionary War, under a Resolve passed March

17. 1835. subject, however, to the reservation for public

money in its custody, taken an extraordinary security—and has put the institution under liabilities that should bull suspicion itself to rest.—off from the main army. The Captain the main army and the mean and remitting the amount of one prec's subscription (23) for each—shall be presented with the Novelist's Magazine, in line we reliable to rest.—off from the main army. The Captain the main army of the main army and the mean and

off from the main army. The Captain then proceeded to Goliad.

'He also informs (says the Louisiana Advertiser) that Col. Ward was despatched on the Salmagundi. It will be themselved gratuit outly to all new Salmagundi. It will be themselved gratuit outly to all new Salmagundi. It will be themselved gratuit outly to all new Salmagundi. It will be themselved gratuit outly to all new Salmagundi. It will be themselved gratuit outly to all new Salmagundi. It will be themselved gratuit outly to all new Salmagundi. It will be themselved gratuit outly to all new Salmagundi. It will be themselved gratuit outly to all new Salmagundi. It will be themselved gratuit outly to all new Salmagundi. It will be themselved gratuit outly to all new Salmagundi. Salmagundi. It will be themselved gratuit outly to all new Salmagundi. Salmagundi.

of the pet Banks, which cannot discount a dolit upon them? Thus admitting they are
here, at any moment, within the reach of
resurry daft.

As to the charge of a corrupt alliance between
he deposite Banks and the Administration—
it is almost too ridiculous to receive a sorious,
which are the the pet of the sorious entire the sorious tellows of the mission without the loss of a many 20 of the Mexicans; he retreated into
put the political character of these institutions in
their true light:—
Mr. Walker said, he had heard with much
surprise, the charge renewed by the gentleman
from South Carolina, (Mr. Calloum,) in relation
to the deposite banks and the war making
from South Carolina, (Mr. Calloum), in relation
to the deposite banks are not the residence of the same event of the same event of the same more of the same from the deposite banks. The charge renewed by the gentleman
from South Carolina, (Mr. Calloum), in relation
to the deposite banks are not pet to the designates them, pet banks—the President's
banks. Mr. W. said, if these banks are the pets
of any man, or set of men, they were the pets
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of any man,

FISK & HINKLEY'S

Brick Machines

And News of the Day. EMBELLISHED WITH A MULTITUDE

COMIC ENGRAVINGS.

500 Engravings

ed to. ATC(this of three will be supplied with the pa-per for one year, by forwarding a five dollar note postage paid. Clubs of seven will be supplied for the same term, by forwarding a ten dollar note. The papers that are sent out of the city will be carefully packed in strong envelopes, to prevent their rubbing in the mail.

THE SALMAGUNDI will be published on alter-

naie wreks—otherwise it would be impossible to procure the numerous Embellishments which each number will contain—and the general interest it will afford must be nhanced by this arrangement.

TPAll orders must come postage paid.
Address, CHARLES ALEXANDER,
thenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Pailadelphia.

Read and passed.

JONA. CILLEY, Speaker.
15, 1836. In Senate, March 15, 1836.

In Senate, Manageria.

Read and passed.

JOSIAH PIERCE, President.

March 16, 1836.—Approved

ROBERT P. DUNLAP

Read and passed JOSIAH PIERCE, President.

(NOTICE.

A LL persons indebted to the subscriber either by Note or Account, are request to settle and pay the same immediately.—If they prefer settling with him they had better call soon, as his demands may be left with an Attorney for collection.

TIMOTHY FORD.

Commissioners' Notice. To Stochen Francisco appointed by the Hon Stephen Emery to receive and examine the claims of creditors to the estate of NATHAN FOSTER

late of Norway, deceased, represented insolvent, do here-by give notice that six months are allowed to said cred-itors to bring in and prove their claims, and that we shall attend that service at the dwelling house of William Hosse in Norway, on Saturday the fourth day of June next, and Saturday the sixth day of Angust next, and Saturday the first day of October next, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said days.

URIAH HOLT,

DUDLEY WOODBRIDGE,
Norway, April 13th, 1836.

3w 37

It a Court of Probate held at Paris, within and for the County of Orferd, on the twelth day of April in the year

of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty'six. PEREZ T. RECORD, named Executor in a certain inarrunent purporting to be the last will and testament of Joseph Smath, late of Hebron, in said county, deceased, having presented the same for probate: Ordered.

That the said Executor give notice to all persons interested, by That the said executor give notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Democrat printed at Paris, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be field at Paris, in saids county, on the fourth Torsday of May next, at ten of the clock, in the forenous, and slew cause, if any they have, why the said instrument should not be proved, approved, and allowed as the last will not testament of said deceased.

STEPHEN EMERY, Judge. Copy, Attest-Joseph G. Cole, Register.

HUTCHINS

COMPOUND RENOVATOR, OR CHEMICAL SOAP,

OR cleansing Coat Collars, Wearing Appearel of all kinds from spots, occasioned by Oils, Tar, Varmsh, Wheel or Gudgeon Grease and Paints; and removing spots from Furniture. Likewise, it is an excellent remody for braises, sprains,

cutaneous cruptions upon the face, chilblains, and some or chapped hands. For places chafed by the harness or saddle upon horses it is also a superior composition.

From the successful & satisfactory experiments which bave been made of this preparation, it can with the ut-most safety be recommended to the public as far exceed-ing any other of the kind, for removing spots of grease, paint, &c. however long they may have been on, and for brightening and refreshing the colors without destroying the fibre or injuring the texture of the cloth.

For Sale at the Oxford Bookstore, by

W. E. GOODNOW.

Norway-Village, March 1, 1836. 3tis-thoposes

MOTICE Sibscriber would inform the public that he has taken the Store in South Paris lately occupied by Mr. CYRUS THAYER, where he intends to keep as general an assortment of Goods as is usually acut in a country Store and would most respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

JOSEPH CUMMINGS, Jr.

STRAY OXEN.

(ME into the enrisoure of the subscriber the 3d inst. a pair of ONEN, one brindle, the other black. The owner is requested to pay charges and take them away.

SIMEON FURLONG, Pound-Kes per. Greenwood, April 4th, 1856.



WANTED MMEDIATELY, by MRS. II. W. GOODNOW, four Young Lapirs of Apprentices to the MILLENERY & MIN-Norway-Village, March 14, 1826.

DR. GRFFITTIS

Vegetable Balsamic Gum or Plaster, OR the Rheumatism, Pains, lameness and weakness in the side, breast and back, and for Corns on the Likewise a superior application for all kinds of

Persons suffering from the above complaint, and in despair of a cute from the failure of the various remedies they have used, are invited to make trial of this long and celebrated medicine which has in years past cured and referred, as it is also now doing, thousands who had derpaired of relief. Nothing but a fair trial can give an indequate idea of its unrivalled excellence. It is also one of the best applications known for stiffness of the joints, numbress, sprains, and chil-blairs. Price 50 cents.

"s" None genuine, unless signed on the outside printed wrapper by the sole proprietor, T. KIDDER, successor to the late Dr. Conway. For sale, with a libe other "Conway Medicines,"

TO MILLOWNERS.

HE public are hereby notified that N. G. NORRIS continues to manufacture the improved portable Smutt Machines, at Sandwich, N. H; at which place persons wishing to purchase can be accommodated on reasonable terms at the shortest notice.

Sandwich, October, 1835.

of a certain Farm on which William Morse now lives, and commonly called the upper Perry place, consisting of about forty acres. Also, one undivided half of a Waterford Lower Village, with the building thereon occupied for a Carding Machine. Also, a hundred acre Lot in the town of Sweden, being No. 102, and adjoining Waterford town line. Also, one undivided half of two Lots in the town of Lovell, being Lot No. 20 lying the West side of Kezer Iliver, and Lot No. 2

the above time and place.

Trans,—which will be liberal,—will be made known

at the time and place of sale.
LEWIS JEWELL, Executor.
Waterford, April 14, 1836.
3w36

DEAN'S Thayer's, and Lee's PILLS, just received (fresh) and for sale by S. CHOUKETT & Co. Paris-Hill, March 14, 1836.

PILLS.

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